



The Mechanics of Rolling Forecasting

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AGENDA

- **Healthcare Planning Challenges**
Frame the business challenges and growing demand (and need) for planning agility
- **Rolling Forecasting for Various Organizations**
Various structures and uses for forecasting
- **Reporting Aspects**
How does the conversation change with rolling forecasting



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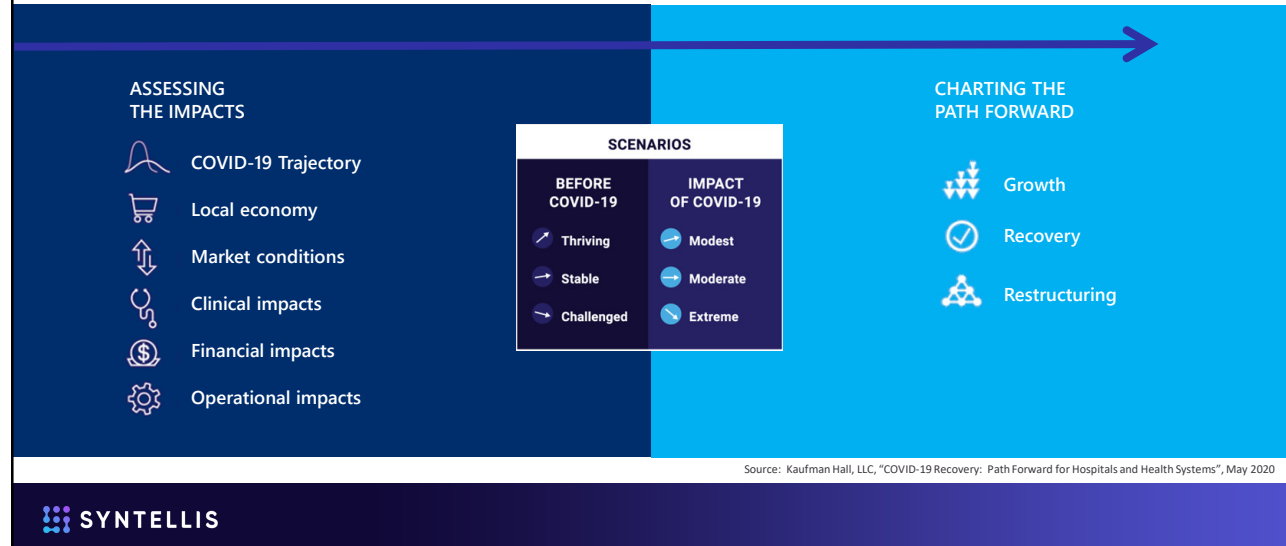
Healthcare Planning Challenges



What we experienced ...

COVID introduced tremendous business disruption (and continues to do so).

Introduced the need for more agile financial modeling & forecasting tools to understand business & financial impacts



The question: Were we well-prepared as finance teams to adapt?

Results of pre-COVID survey highlighted potential challenges given current tools & processes.



For many, their budgeting process lacked the agility they needed

A process that was ill-equipped for managing through future uncertainty

Budget Development can be a time and resource-intensive process.

Assumptions can become outdated by the time plans are finalized.

Plans tend to be 'rigid' and detailed, not easily adapted to changing conditions.

Management Reporting is retrospective, with a focus on variance explanation.



Key benefits of a rolling forecast process

Improving planning efficiency and agility



Shift & adapt plans
given changing healthcare
environment



Address time constraints
across a strained & multi-
tasking enterprise



Model scenarios
and financial impacts
more efficiently



Shift the focus
from 'dollar variances' to
'per unit' measures



Finance priorities heading into 2022

Results from Syntellis' most recent CFO Outlook Survey

Labor & Cost Management

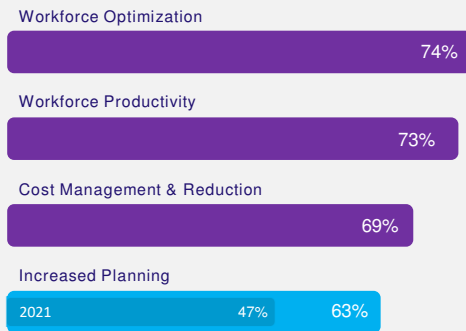
- **Top 3 priorities** focus on cost control & reduction
- No surprise given the **+25% increase** in **Total Expense Per Adjusted Discharge** compared to pre-pandemic levels (*)

(*) Compares December 2019 to December 2021

Increased Planning

- **63% cited the need** for increased planning
- Response reflects **an increase in importance** over prior year (47%)

Top four priorities cited as
"very important" to fiscal health:



Rolling Forecasting for Various Organizations



Polling Question:

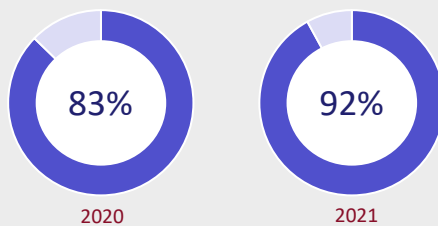
1.) What is the current state of rolling forecasting in your organization?

- A.) Rolling forecasting has replaced our annual budget.
- B.) Rolling forecasting is used as a complement to our annual budget.
- C.) We are planning to implement rolling forecasting within the next year.
- D.) We have no plans to use rolling forecasting.

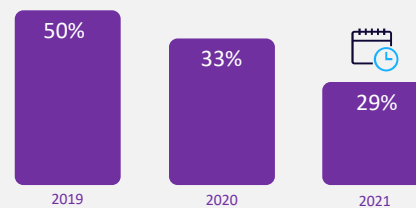
Confidence grows in ability to be more efficient and agile

Results from Syntellis most recent CFO Outlook Survey

Expressing greater confidence in organization's ability to quickly adapt plans & strategy due to changing market/business conditions ...



Improving efficiency as percentage of organizations with budget cycles of six months or more continues to drop ...

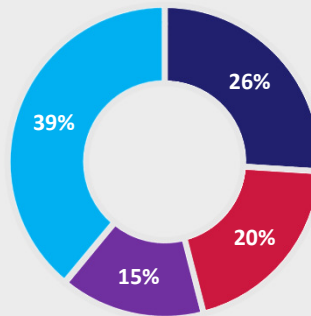


Adoption of rolling forecasting continues

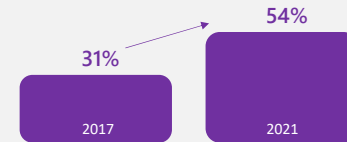
Results from Syntellis most recent CFO Outlook Survey

What describes your organizations use of rolling forecasting?

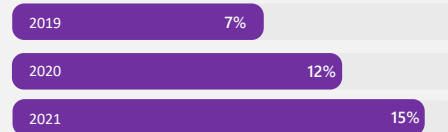
- Use rolling forecasting as a **replacement** to the annual budget
- Use rolling forecasting as a **complement** to the annual budget
- Do not use rolling forecasting, but **plan to implement**
- Do not use or plan to use rolling forecasting



Overall adoption of rolling forecast as a finance tool has increased significantly since 2017



Trend continues of organizations adopting the rolling forecast **to replace the budget**



What to consider as you evaluate a rolling forecasting process

Keep in mind – there is not a one-size fits all approach

COMPONENT

Role of Rolling Forecasting

Will it complement or replace the budget?

Time Horizon

Projections performed monthly/quarterly?

Level of Detail for Projections

How do I roll-up my financial data for planning purposes?

Planning Contributors/Roll-ups

Who will be accountable each month or quarter?

RECOMMENDATIONS

- Determining this will guide other model decisions
- Replacing the budget is a culture shift; executive buy-in is critical

- Trending 24-36 months is most common
- Use of monthly proved valuable when simulating COVID-19 impacts

- For service-line forecasting, group those with common driver stats
- Consider approach for labor projections, how much detail is needed

- Role clarity is important across finance & forecast owners
- Target efficiency – if you can achieve a 2-3-week cycle, that's ideal



Process and model comparison




Rolling forecasting is designed to be efficient and forward-looking

	ROLLING FORECAST	FINANCIAL PLAN	ANNUAL BUDGET
Planning Frequency and Time Horizon	Quarterly or monthly, planning out 18-24 months	Re-visited annually, projections out 3-5 years	Annual process, planning next year
Time to Complete the Cycle	2 – 3 Weeks	1-2 months	3-6 months
Planning “Entity”	Planned at a summary level, by entity or department groups	System or entity level	Department-specific
Level of Detail	Less detail, summary groupings of accounts	More summarized, in line with financial statement categories	Most detail – GL account, by line item, by employee



Design considerations

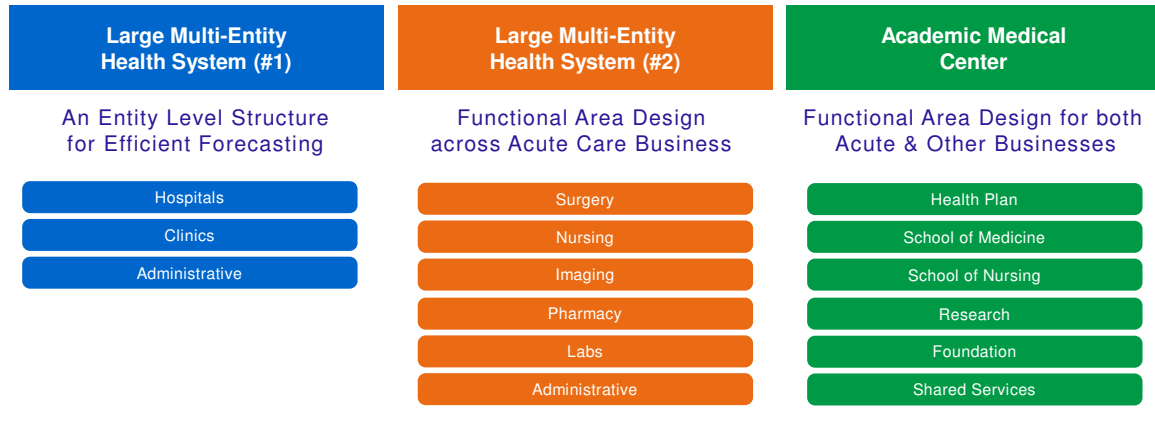
Examples of how rolling forecast groups are set up

 Forecast Groups	 Forecast Codes	 Labor Considerations
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> By service line or entity level By service line – Surgical services (OR, anesthesiology, recovery room, other departments that contribute to provision of surgical services) By entity – Hospital, clinics, physician groups 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Roll-up of income statement detail <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Salaries Benefits Supplies – Medical Supplies – Drugs Supplies – Office 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Incorporating job code level detail is typical (management, RN, clerical, etc.) Can use salary by pay-type for complement to productivity tool (ex. Prod, NonProd, OT)
<i>Consider how departments roll-up for management purposes. Can they share a common group statistic?</i>	<i>Consider breaking out expense categories that require a unique inflationary factor.</i>	<i>Consider groupings that allow for productivity improvements to be modeled effectively.</i>



Design considerations (con't.)

Examples of how rolling forecast groups are set up



Sample forecast structures

There is not a one-size-fits-all approach

	Large National Health System 150+ Hospitals	Large National Health System 100+ Hospitals	Large Regional ~12 Hospital System, 2 Research Centers	Mid-Size 2 Hospitals, ~12 Medical Offices, ~20 OP Centers
Departments	45,000	50,000	5,000	500
Forecast Groups	6,500	1,500	800	50
Role of forecast	Replacement	Complement	Replacement	Complement
Model Design	Combination ~10 Groupings Per Hospital	Entity Hospital, Physician, Other	Functional w/ more detail, but not Department Level	By Functional Group

Reporting Aspects

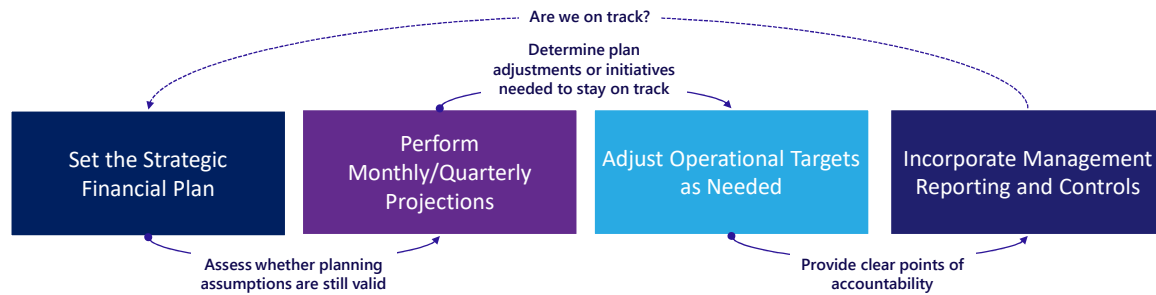


Rolling forecasting is designed to change the conversation
– to talk about actionable short-term goals instead of
constantly explaining previous budget variances.



From integrated to a continuous planning model

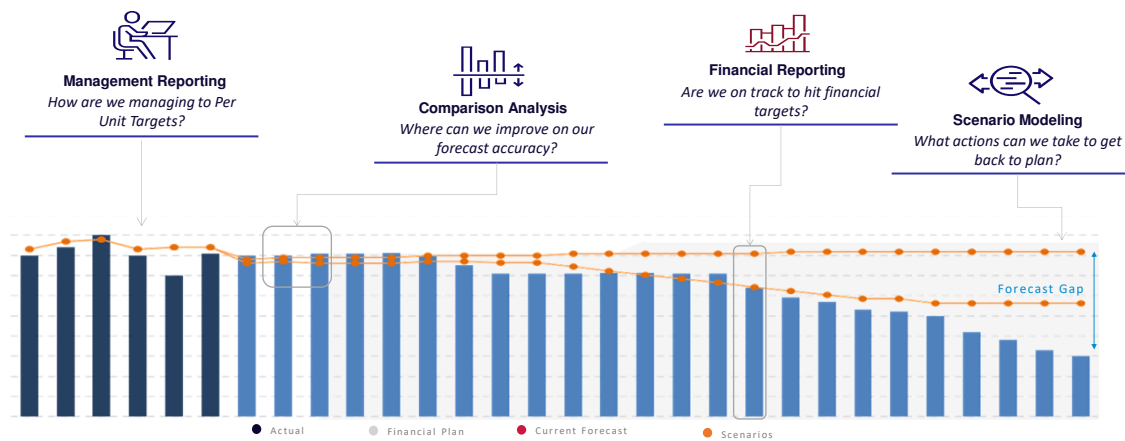
Framing the role of rolling forecasting



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Reporting Capabilities

Understanding terminologies and core capabilities



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Financial reporting

Are we on track to hit financial targets?

CORE CAPABILITIES:

Enable integrated reporting comparing actuals, budgets, forecast scenarios and financial plan targets

Should answer – Are we on track compared to our financial plan targets, what course correction is needed?

Key Ratios Analysis	2020 Actual	2020 Actual	2021 Actual	2022 Forecast	2022 Financial Plan	Forecast To Prior Year	Forecast To Financial Plan
Profitability							
Operating Margin %	2.4%	0.1%	-2.7%	1.5%	2.9%	4.2%	-1.4%
Excess Margin %	3.8%	2.9%	0.1%	2.0%	3.3%	1.9%	-1.3%
Salaries/Benefits Cost Per CMI Adjusted Admission	3,325.05	3,883.26	4,225.00	5,436.74	5,386.59	1,211.74	50.15
Supply Cost Per CMI Adjusted Admission	1,190.84	1,378.27	1,553.36	2,186.07	1,936.78	632.71	249.29
Total Cost Per CMI Adjusted Admission	9,020.08	9,168.32	10,506.01	10,988.99	10,977.25	482.98	11.75
Net Revenue Per CMI Adjusted Admission	7,520.08	7,668.32	9,006.01	9,488.99	9,087.25	482.98	401.75
Benefits - % of Salaries	21.5%	2.2%	21.4%	22.5%	21.5%	1.1%	1.0%
Supplies - % of Net Patient Service Revenue	2.1%	22.2%	22.0%	21.7%	20.6%	-0.3%	1.2%
Net Revenue - % of Gross Patient Revenue	44.6%	45.6%	44.2%	47.5%	49.2%	3.3%	-1.6%
Bad Debt - % of Gross Patient Revenue	1.7%	1.8%	2.0%	1.5%	1.4%	-0.5%	0.1%
Labor Utilization							
Compensation Ratio	43.9%	47.2%	47.8%	43.5%	44.5%	-4.3%	-1.0%
Labor Cost Per FTE	26,506	27,306	26,891	29,454	28,795	2,563.00	659.00
Paid Hours per CMI Adjusted Admission	215	441	271	313	321	42	(8)

Key Performance Indicators
What trends exist?

Integrated Reporting
What are implications to broader strategy?



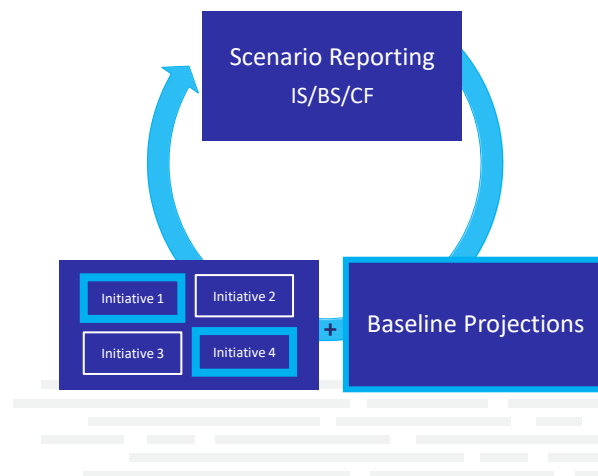
Scenario Modeling

What actions can we take to get back to plan?

CORE CAPABILITIES:

Efficient forecasting designed to quantify the range of potential financial outcomes across any number of business scenarios and 'what-if' models.

Should answer – What combination of strategies and performance improvement initiatives are needed to ensure we stay on plan?



Polling Question:

2.) Do you regularly incorporate scenarios into your planning process?

- A.) Yes
- B.) No
- C.) Not sure

Ways Organizations Utilize Rolling Forecasting

It can vary depending on organizational needs at the time

- ☒ As a replacement to budgeting
- ☒ As a complement to budgeting
- ☒ As a way to make sure they are on target with long range financial plan
- ☒ As a way to complete “what if” scenario modeling
- ☒ As a way to identify performance improvement initiatives

Best Practices Rolling Forecasting

Which Path is right for your organization

- **Complementing Budget**
 - Determine role of each tool
 - Keep manager dept accountability
 - Review the budget cycle timeline
 - Provides another point for comparison throughout the year
 - Allow to work through transition
- **Going Beyond Budgeting**
 - Determine how to manage the various levels of reporting
 - Make sure structure will meet needs of internal / external reporting
 - Complete a transition plan
 - Be firm with structure, this is not a budget



Where to go from here



How to begin the journey

Initial steps you can take today to prepare



Assess the organization's understanding of concepts like **'rate per unit'** as well as **'fixed versus variable'** cost

- Flexible budget is a great tool to increase "Financial IQ"
- Focuses on 'controllable' elements of budget - Budget Rate per Unit times Actual Volume

1

Formulate an approach – Are you interested in a monthly forecast to the end of the current fiscal year or a quarterly forecast over a 6-12 quarter horizon?

- **CY forecast** is a good first step to organizational readiness for rolling forecasting

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Lessons learned

Tips from organizations that leverage rolling forecasting successfully

1 The forecast is directional

Intended to be directional at a point-in-time comparing to Financial Plan targets, **answers the question, "Are we on track?"**

2 Stay 'materiality' focused

Avoid building too much detail into your model that keeps you from being agile – **focus on what matters**

3 Better work, not busy work

Don't spend too much time chasing 'outlier explanations'; rather, focus on **developing 'forward-looking' action plans** (initiatives)

4 Target setting is important

Forecast owners should work with department leaders to establish 'targets' – **staying 'per unit' focused is key**



Closing remarks

What 'lessons learned' have we learned ...



Define the purpose of the rolling forecast in your organization – will it **complement or replace** the annual budget?



Executive sponsorship is critical

- *Leadership can't expect detailed reporting provided by a budget*
- *Conversations will shift to per units and incremental improvements*



Identify who will be the **Planning contributors**



Clearly set reporting expectations – what feedback loop is needed and expected



As you start the journey – keep it simple to start ... walk before you run



Ongoing – establish a continuous improvement mindset related to your forecasting capabilities



Closing remarks

What will the future hold for rolling forecasting in healthcare?



Adoption of rolling forecasting could accelerate



Processes will evolve and mature



Tools will become more data science driven

Disruption continues in healthcare and establishing more agile planning is becoming a business imperative.

For many, rolling forecasting was deployed as a finance tool and is now being deployed across operations.

Machine learning and predictive modeling are becoming infused into forecasts to inform demand planning.



Questions



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