



REAL REVENUE TODAY WITH POPULATION HEALTH

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Learning Objectives

- ❖ Attendee will have an understanding of expanded revenue opportunities in the ambulatory setting
- ❖ Attendee will be knowledgeable on the requirements for various population health revenue opportunities
- ❖ Attendee will understand ways to sustain and grow their ambulatory practice for population health
- ❖ Attendee will have the knowledge to evaluate the opportunities available in their clinical setting to promote a revenue opportunity that can be put into practice

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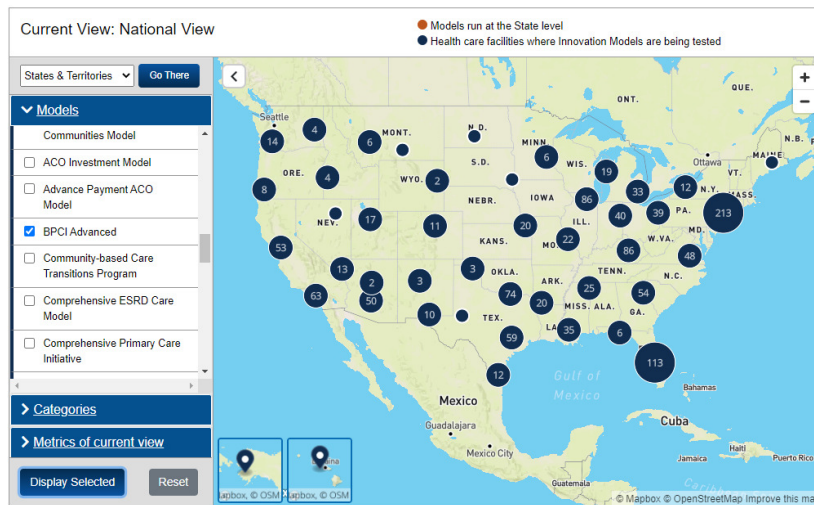
Real Revenue Today

- Population Health focused programs that bring real revenue today
 - Chronic Care Management
 - Monthly billable services
 - Transitional Care Management
 - Provider visits with increased reimbursement
 - Psychiatric Collaborative Care
 - Monthly billable services
 - Remote Patient Monitoring
 - Monthly billable services



Importance of Preparing for Reimbursement Model Changes

Bundle Payment Care Initiative Advanced (BPCI-Advanced)- Example of Value-Based Care Reimbursement Model



Currently over 1,700 participants nationwide in various episode-based bundled care programs

BPCI Advanced

Clinical Episode Service Line Groups (CESLGs)

Cardiac Care <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Acute Myocardial Infarction (AMI) Cardiac Arrhythmia Congestive Heart Failure 	Cardiac Procedures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cardiac Defibrillator (Inpatient) Cardiac Defibrillator (Outpatient) Cardiac Valve Coronary Artery Bypass Graft (CABG) Endovascular Cardiac Valve Replacement 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pacemaker Percutaneous Coronary Intervention (PCI - Inpatient) Percutaneous Coronary Intervention (PCI - Outpatient)
Gastrointestinal Surgery <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bariatric Surgery Major Bowel Procedure 	Gastrointestinal Care <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Disorders of the Liver Except Malignancy, Cirrhosis, or Alcoholic Hepatitis Gastrointestinal Hemorrhage 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gastrointestinal Obstruction Inflammatory Bowel Disease
Neurological Care <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Seizures Stroke 	Medical & Critical Care <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cellulitis Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD), Bronchitis, Asthma Renal Failure 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sepsis Simple Pneumonia and Respiratory Infections Urinary Tract Infection
Spinal Procedures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Back and Neck Except Spinal Fusion (Inpatient) Back and Neck Except Spinal Fusion (Outpatient) Spinal Fusion 	Orthopedics <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Double Joint Replacement of the Lower Extremity Fractures of the Femur and Hip or Pelvis Hip and Femur Procedures Except Major Joint 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lower Extremity/Humerus Procedure Except Hip, Foot, Femur Major Joint Replacement of the Lower Extremity (MIRLE) (Multi-setting Inpatient / Outpatient) Major Joint Replacement of the Upper Extremity

BPCI ADVANCED MODEL DRIVERS



Care Coordination: Continuously reengineering care



Data Analysis & Feedback: Eliminating low-value care and fostering quality improvement



Financial Accountability: Testing a payment model for the outcomes of improved quality and reduced spending



Health Care Provider Engagement: Stimulating rapid development of new evidence-based knowledge with providers



Beneficiary Engagement: Increasing the likelihood of better health at a lower cost through education and ongoing communication

What Is Population Health?

- ❖ National Institutes of Health defines population health as “the health outcomes of a group of individuals, including the distribution of such outcomes within the group”
 - ❖ Take a look at your clinical practice and determine:
 - ❖ What population needs more focus?
 - ❖ Diagnosis specific
 - ❖ Social determinants of health (SDoH)
 - ❖ Are you receiving penalties related to quality outcomes?
 - ❖ VBP, HRRP, Payor specific penalties
 - ❖ Do you have a high ED utilization with specific patient groups?
 - ❖ Frequent utilizers of ED services rather than clinic visits
 - ❖ Do you have any value-based reimbursement models currently?
 - ❖ ACO, Bundled Payments, Risk-based contracts
 - ❖ Do you expect to enter any value-based reimbursement models in the future?
 - ❖ More payors are tying payments to outcomes

State of Arkansas Access to Care Rankings

Clinical Care *			
Clinical Care *	+	-0.586	43
Access to Care - Annual *	+	-0.681	43
Avoided Care Due to Cost	+	12.9%	44
Providers - Annual *	+	-0.940	47
Dental Care Providers	+	42.7	48
Mental Health Providers	+++	254.3	30
Primary Care Providers	+	216.1	44
Uninsured	++	9.1%	31
Preventive Clinical Services - Annual *	+	-0.611	41
Colorectal Cancer Screening	++	71.4%	35
Dental Visit	+	57.0%	50
Immunizations - Annual *	++	-0.420	38
Childhood Immunizations	++	73.6%	38
Flu Vaccination	+++	47.8%	22
HPV Vaccination	+	49.6%	44
Quality of Care - Annual *	++	-0.300	39
Dedicated Health Care Provider	++	76.3%	32
Preventable Hospitalizations	++	4,198	35

Source: America's Health Rankings 2021 Annual Report
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State of Arkansas Health Risk Rankings

Physical Health - Annual *	+	-1.082	46
Frequent Physical Distress	+	14.2%	48
High Health Status †	+	48.8%	46
Low Birthweight	++	9.2%	38
Low Birthweight Racial Disparity	+++	2.0	27
Multiple Chronic Conditions	+	13.8%	46
Arthritis †	+	29.5%	43
Asthma †	++++	9.1%	18
Cancer †	+	7.6%	44
Cardiovascular Diseases †	+	12.2%	48
Chronic Kidney Disease †	++	3.4%	38
Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease †	+	9.0%	46
Diabetes †	+	13.2%	44
Risk Factors - Annual *	+	-1.130	41
High Blood Pressure †	+	41.0%	47
High Cholesterol †	+	37.4%	47
Obesity	+	36.4%	41

Source: America's Health Rankings 2021 Annual Report
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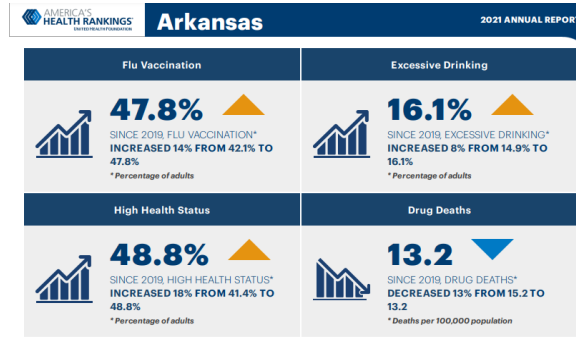
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Arkansas Population Health Opportunity Takeaways

- Arkansas Challenges
 - High prevalence of multiple chronic conditions (**Ranked 46th in the US**)
 - High prevalence of cigarette smoking (**Ranked 48th in the US**)
 - Low prevalence of physical exercise (**Ranked 44th in the US**)
 - High prevalence of depression (**Ranked 45th in US**)
 - High prevalence of frequent mental distress (**Ranked 50th in US**)



Source: America's Health Rankings 2021 Annual Report
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What Is Needed To Execute Population Health Programs?

Leadership & Expertise

Talent dedicated to execute your strategy



Dedicated Resources

Staffing solutions to achieve your Care Management goals



Leadership & Expertise to Execute Strategy

- Complete an assessment of organizational structure for population health alignment and readiness
- Determine the population and evaluate any risk stratification strategies
- Develop policies, procedures and job role design
- Evaluate any technology optimization or software to manage populations across the continuum of care



Dedicated Resources

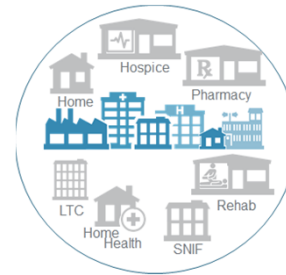
- Interdisciplinary team assigned to your population - MUST be focused and a primary role
- Chronic Care Management
- Transitional Care Management
- Behavioral Health Integration Services
- Remote Patient Monitoring
- Condition Management
- Preventive Services
 - Care gaps
 - Annual wellness visits
 - Follow-up visits
 - Outreach campaigns



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Care Management Across the Continuum



Care Management team follows throughout the continuum of care

- ✓ RN Care Manager
- ✓ Social Worker
- ✓ Patient Care Navigator
- ✓ Virtual Care Nurse

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Chronic Care Management (CCM) Services

Two-thirds of patients on Medicare have 2 or more chronic conditions

What is Chronic Care Management?

- CMS recognized the need for management of chronic conditions as a critical component of primary care services
- In 2015 CMS began reimbursing for these services that are “incident to” a practitioner service
 - These services meet general supervision requirements and can be billed by practitioner when it is performed under his/her overall direction
- Management of chronic conditions has been found to lead to better health outcomes and higher rates of patient satisfaction
- Only one practitioner can be reimbursed each month for these services
- CCM services can be reimbursed to a primary care provider or specialist
 - These services are billed by the practitioner and can be provided by clinical staff under the direction of the practitioner
- Separate payment in addition to office visits
- Billed based on time spent coordinating care and managing chronic conditions
- Purpose is to provide support in between appointments and to help patients stay on track with their treatment plan for better health

How is Chronic Care Management Services Defined?

- Non-Face-to-Face Services provided to Medicare patients
 - Patients must have 1 or more chronic conditions that are expected to last at least 12 months and that place the patient at significant risk of death, acute exacerbation or functional decline
- Billable services include:
 - Communication with the patient and/or caregiver
 - Coordination of care with other treating medical professionals
 - Medication management
 - Accessibility 24 hours per day to the clinical team
 - Care plan development and revision



Patient Eligibility for CCM Services

- Two or more chronic conditions expected to last at least 12 months (RHC & FQHC require one condition)
 - Can bill Primary Care Management code for one condition
- In a calendar month complex or non-complex can be billed during a calendar month - NOT BOTH
- Some examples of chronic conditions include, but not limited to:
 - Alzheimer's disease or related dementia
 - Arthritis (osteoarthritis and rheumatoid)
 - Asthma
 - Atrial fibrillation
 - Autism spectrum disorders
 - Cancer
 - Cardiovascular disease
 - COPD
 - CHF
 - Depression
 - HTN
 - DM
 - Infectious disease such as HIV/AIDS



Patient Eligibility for CCM Services (continued)

- Initiating Visit Required
 - Patients MUST have had a face-to-face visit with practitioner within the past 12 months prior to the start of CCM services
 - It is important to make sure patients have annual check-ups at a minimum
 - Case Managers coordinate office visits to promote routine primary care and follow-up
 - If a visit has not occurred in the past 12 months or for new patients:
 - CMS requires initiation of CCM services during a face-to-face visit
 - This is not part of CCM and is separately billable
 - Practitioners can bill G0506 during this visit as an add-on code for comprehensive assessment of and care planning for patients requiring chronic care management services (separately billable also from CCM services)



CCM Services Provider Billing

- Provider types that are able to bill for CCM Services:
 - Physicians
 - Physician Assistants
 - Clinical Nurse Specialists
 - Nurse Practitioners
 - Certified Nurse Midwives
 - Rural Health Clinics (RHCs)
 - Federally Qualified Health Clinics (FQHCs)
 - Hospitals
 - Critical Access Hospitals (CAHs)



Patient Eligibility for CCM Services (continued)

Although patient cost-sharing applies to the CCM service, most patients have supplemental insurance to help cover CCM cost sharing. Also CCM may help avoid the need for more costly services in the future by proactively managing patient health, rather than only treating severe or acute disease and illness.

Consent only needs to be obtained once PRIOR to starting CCM unless the patient changes practitioners that furnish CCM

- Patient Consent is Required for CCM Services
 - Consent can be verbal or written - **MUST** be documented in the medical record
 - Consent must inform the following:
 - The availability of CCM services and applicable cost-sharing
 - That only one practitioner can furnish and be paid for CCM each calendar month
 - The right to stop CCM services at any time (effective at the end of a calendar month)



Comprehensive & Transitional Care Management Services

- Systematic assessment completion
 - Physical, medical, functional and psychosocial needs
- Ensure timely receipt of all recommended preventive care services
 - Annual wellness exams, routine office visit needs, immunizations, lab/diagnostic routine services
- Medication reconciliation and management
 - Review of adherence and potential interactions
 - Oversight and promotion of self-management
- Coordinating care with community resources
 - Home and community-based care providers
 - Communication to and from community providers
- Manage care transitions between providers and settings
 - Referrals to providers, follow-up on ED visits and hospital discharge
- Exchange continuity of care documentation with providers
 - Share information with other providers involved in care



CCM can now be billed in the same calendar month as Transitional Care Management office visits



Access to Care & Care Continuity Requirement

- Access 24/7 to practitioners or clinical staff is required
 - Provide patients with contact information to address any urgent needs regardless of day/time
 - Ensure continuity by scheduling routine appointments
 - Provide any enhanced opportunities for the patient to communicate electronically or telephonically with the practitioner
 - Telephone, secure messaging, internet, patient portal should be offered

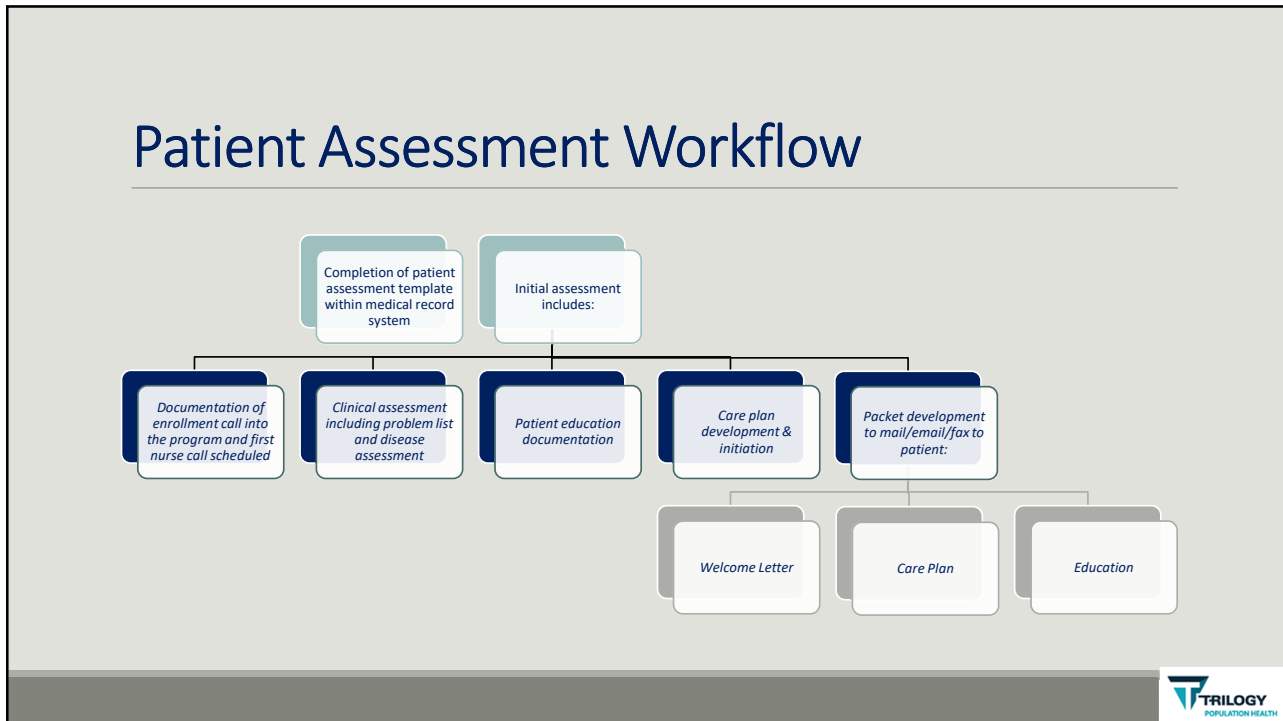
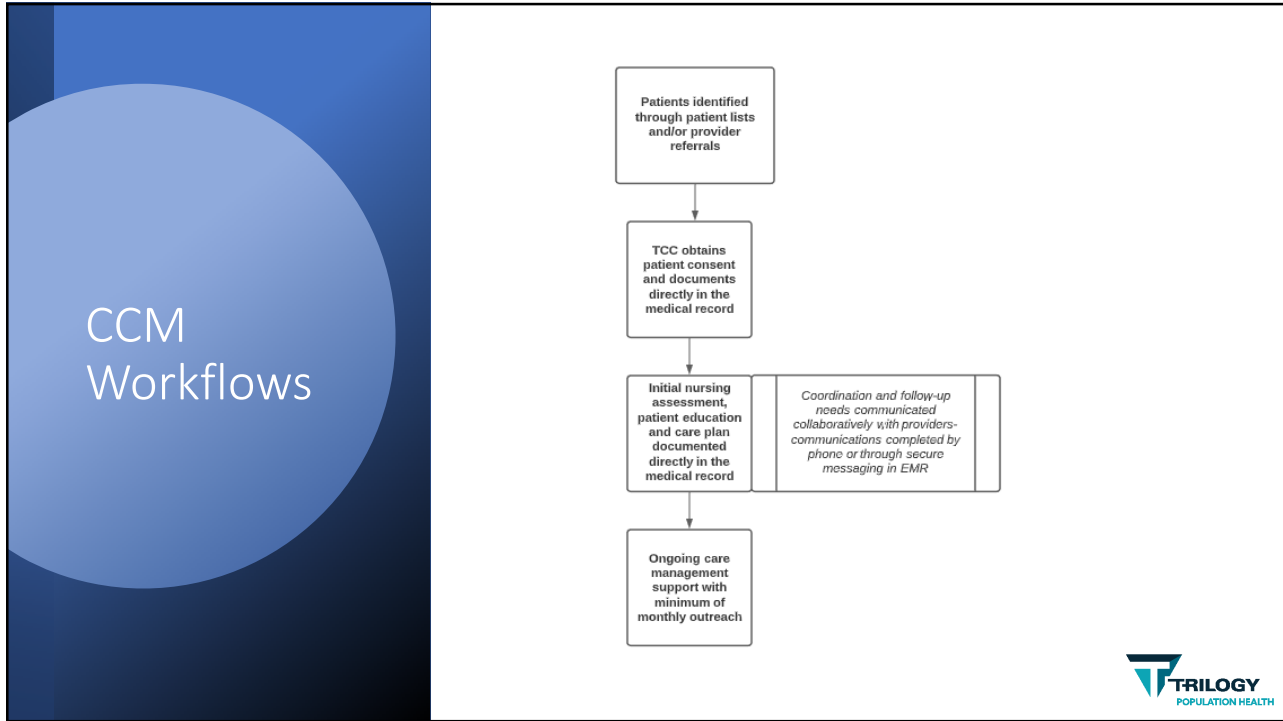


CCM Services - Key Elements (Non-Complex and Complex CCM)

- Documentation
 - Record all interactions and time spent
 - Be specific in documentation
 - Document each individual contact and/or coordination service
 - Document the POC and list goals
 - Also document each POC initiation, update, monitoring or revision
 - Record demographics, problems, medications and allergies using EHR
 - Calculate total time for the calendar month to determine appropriate CPT for services provided
- Examples of activities that are included in the time requirement:
 - Telephone communication
 - Review of medical records and test results
 - Self-management education and support
 - Coordination and exchange of health information with other providers
 - Can include any face-to-face time with patient or other health professionals
 - Sharing of health information including POC with patient or healthcare team
 - Managing care transitions - providing referrals and facilitating follow-up care
 - Coordinating with community providers

DOCUMENTATION IS KEY!!





Why is CCM important?

Increase patient compliance and provide direct patient connections

Support between office visits with regular touch points

Improvement in care coordination and follow-up care

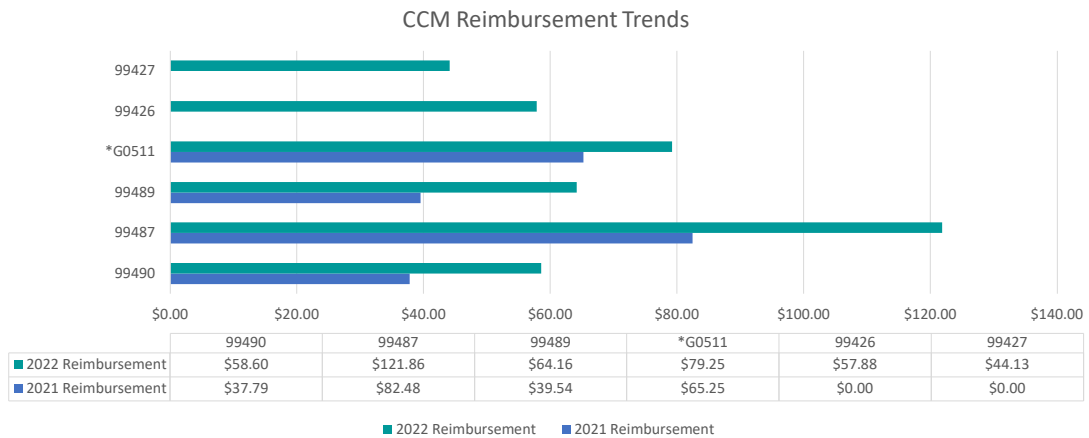
Each patient gets a comprehensive care plan

Sustain and grow primary care practice

Increased reimbursement for the clinic with providing this service



Chronic Care Management Billable Codes



*Rural Health Clinics- Only bill G0511 for CCM services (20 minutes or more)

20 minutes CCM service
Charge 99490

Additional 20 min CCM time
Charge 99439 with 99490
(99439 can be used max of 2 times/monthly)

60 minutes or greater CCM
Charge 99487 (Can't charge for this and 99490)

Additional 30 min CCM time
Charge 99489 with 99487
(99489 can be used max 4 times/monthly)

Non-RHC Patients		
Non-Complex CCM	20 minutes CCM service	Charge 99490
	Additional 20 min CCM time	Charge 99439 with 99490 (99439 can be used max of 2 times/monthly)
Complex CCM	60 minutes or greater CCM	Charge 99487 (Can't charge for this and 99490)
	Additional 30 min CCM time	Charge 99489 with 99487 (99489 can be used max 4 times/monthly)

CCM for two or more chronic conditions

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30 minutes CCM time
Charge 99426

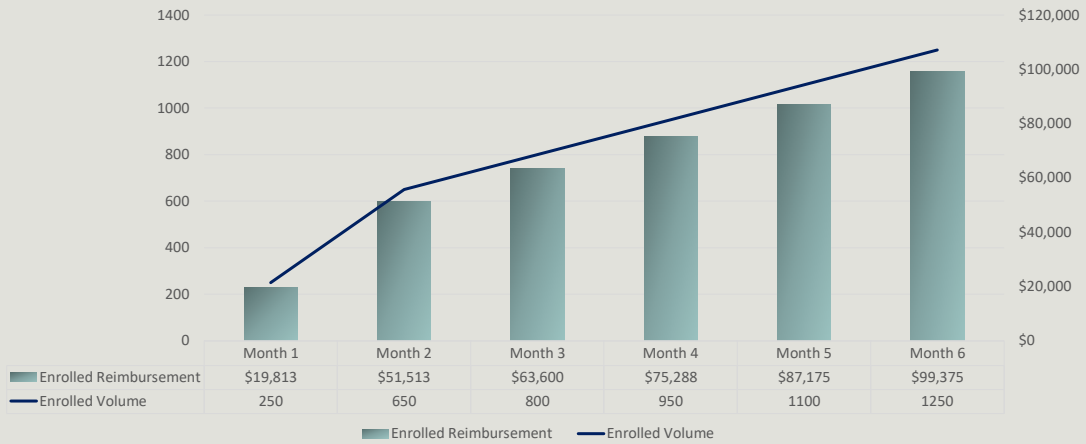
Additional 30 min CCM time
Charge 99427 with 99426
(99427 can be used max of 2 times/monthly)

Non-RHC Patients

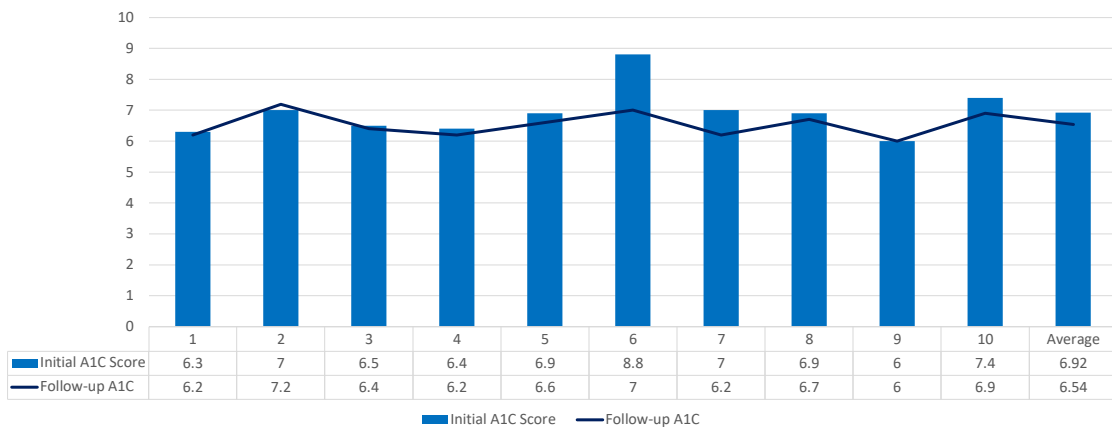
CCM for one chronic condition- Primary Care Management

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Example of RHC Client Enrollment Trends



CCM Sample Population A1C Trends





Psychiatric Collaborative Care (CoCM)



Collaborative Care with Behavioral Health



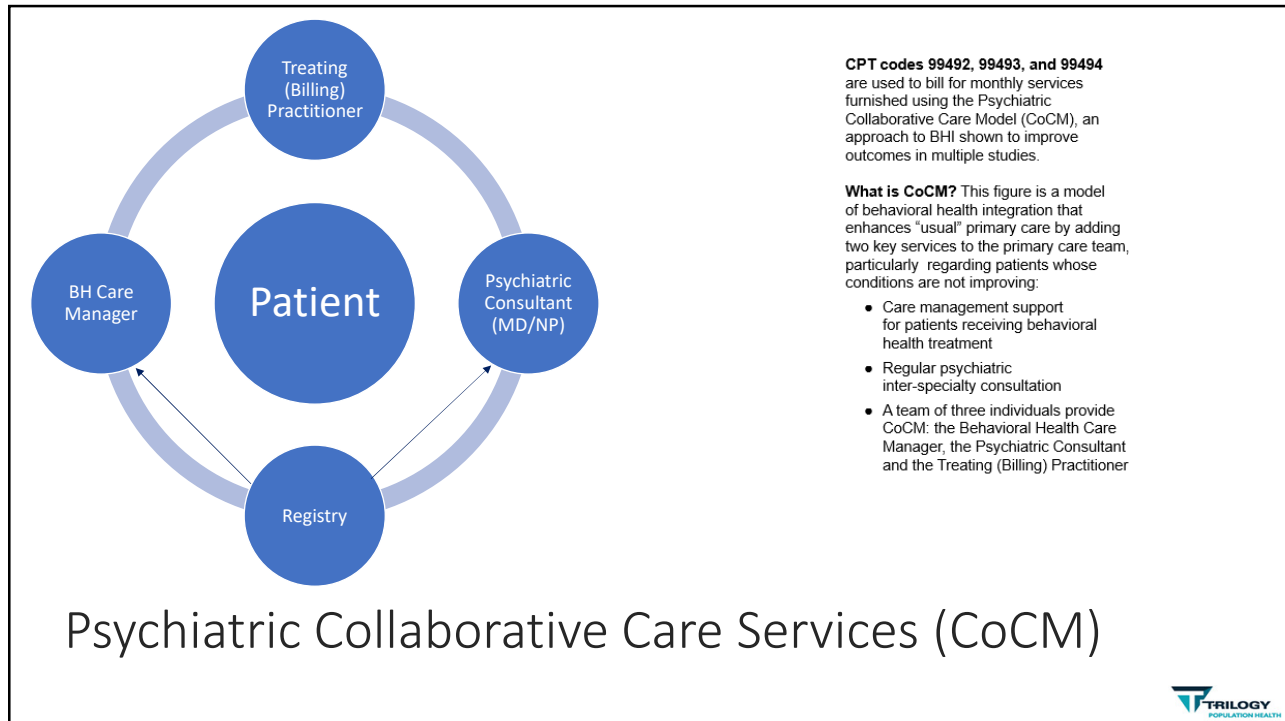
As few as 20% of patients started on antidepressant medications in usual primary care show substantial clinical improvements



Only 30-50% of patients have a full response to the first treatment plan

That means that 50-70% of patients need at least one change in treatment





Psychiatric Collaborative Care Model Services (CoCM)

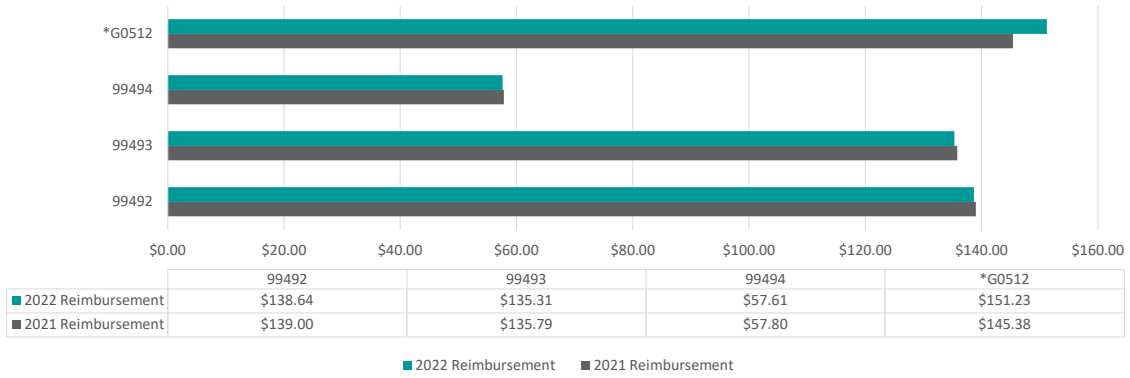
Service Requirements

Service Components

- Initial assessment by the primary care team (billing practitioner and behavioral health care manager)
 - Initiating visit (if required, separately billed)
 - Administration of validated rating scale(s)
- Care planning by the primary care team, jointly with the beneficiary, with care plan revision for patients whose condition is not improving adequately. Treatment may include pharmacotherapy, psychotherapy, and/or other indicated treatments
- Behavioral health care manager performs proactive, systematic follow-up using validated rating scales and a registry
 - Assesses treatment adherence, tolerability, and clinical response using validated rating scales; may provide brief evidence-based psychosocial interventions such as behavioral activation or motivational interviewing
 - 70 minutes of behavioral health care manager time the first month
 - 60 minutes subsequent months
 - Add-on code for 30 additional minutes any month
- Regular case load review with psychiatric consultant:
 - The primary care team regularly (at least weekly) reviews the beneficiary's treatment plan and status with the psychiatric consultant
 - The primary care team maintains or adjusts treatment, including referral to behavioral health specialty care, as needed

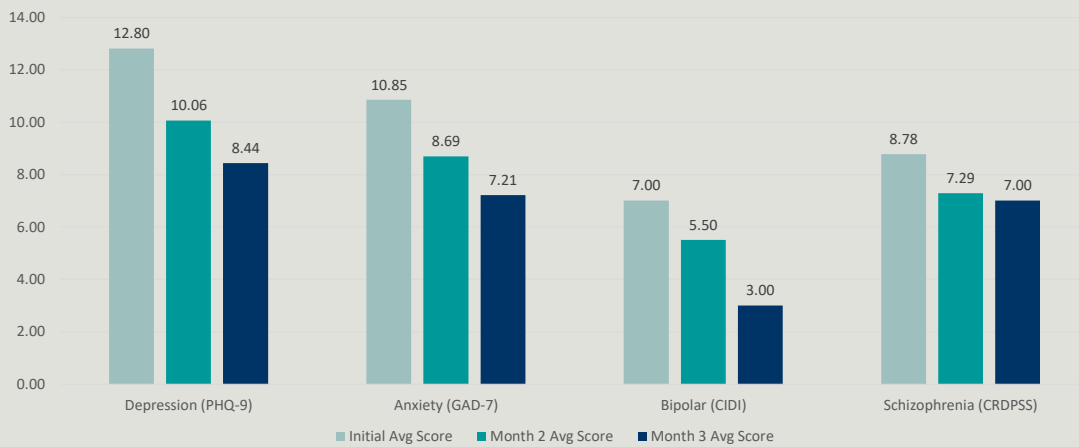
CoCM Billable Codes

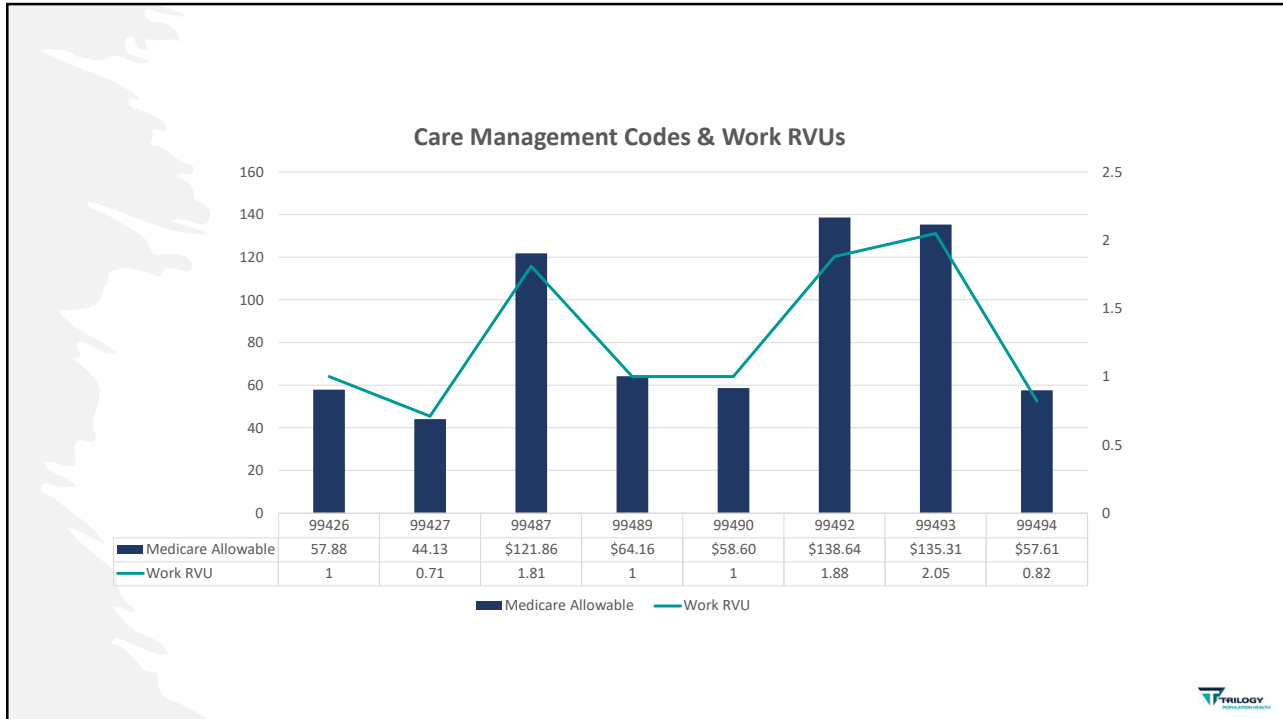
CoCM Reimbursement Trends



*Rural Health Clinics- Only bill G0512 for CoCM services (70 minutes or more for initial visit and 60 minutes or more for ongoing)

Quality Outcomes Trends- CoCM





Transitional Care Management

What is Transitional Care Management?

- These are services during the transitional period following discharge from:
 - Inpatient
 - Observation
 - Skilled Nursing Facility
 - LTACH
 - Inpatient Psychiatric Hospital
 - Inpatient Rehab
 - Community Health Center
- The purpose of these services is to ensure appropriate hospital follow-up following discharge
 - These services cover a time period of 30 days starting the day of discharge
 - TCM services start on day of discharge and continues the next 29 days
- Patients must be discharged to one of the following community settings to qualify:
 - Home
 - Domiciliary
 - Rest Home
 - Assisted Living

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Transitional Care Management

- **There are three components that MUST be completed within 30 days beginning the day of the actual discharge:**
 - Interactive Contact
 - Non-Face-to-Face Services
 - Face to Face Visit
- **The following providers can furnish TCM services:**
 - Physicians- any specialty
 - Non-physician practitioners (As legally authorized and qualified by scope of practice and state law)
 - Certified nurse midwives
 - Clinical Nurse Specialists
 - Nurse Practitioners
 - Physician Assistants

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Non-Face-to-Face Services for Transitional Care

Services by Clinical Staff Under the Providers Direction

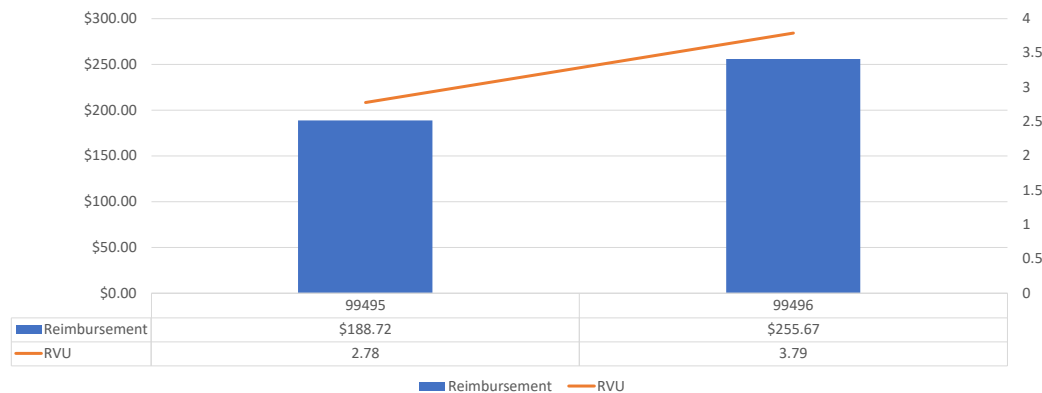
- Communicate with agencies and/or community services
- Provide education to the patient, family, caregiver to support self-management, independent living and ADLs
- Assess and support treatment adherence and medication management
- Medication reconciliation
- Identify available community resources
- Assist with accessing needed care and services

Services by Physician or Provider

- Obtain and review discharge information
- Review need for follow-up on pending tests and treatments
- Interact with other healthcare professionals who will assume or reassume care of the patients system specific problems
- Provide education to the patient, family and/or caregiver
- Establish or re-establish referrals and arrange for needed community resources
- Assist in scheduling required follow-up with community providers and services

TRANSITIONAL CARE MANAGEMENT SERVICES

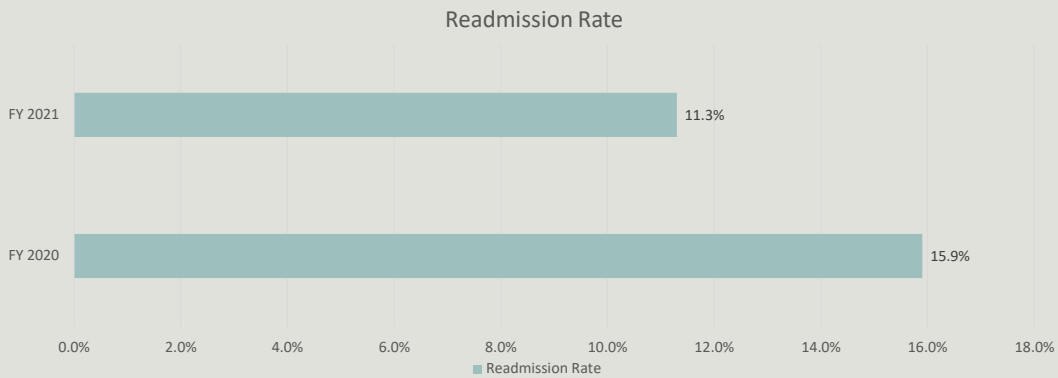
Transitional Care Management Billable Codes



❖ **99495- Face to Face Visit within 14 calendar days with at least moderate complexity medical decision making**

❖ **99496- Face to Face visit within 7 calendar days with at least high complexity medical decision making**

Medicare All Cause Readmission Trends



Remote Patient Monitoring (RPM)



Requirements for RPM

- Patient Eligibility
 - Patients with chronic and acute conditions
 - Established patients
 - During PHE new patients are allowed
 - Patient consent
 - Required at the time RPM services are furnished
- Eligible Billing Providers
 - Providers that are eligible to furnish E&M services such as:
 - Physicians
 - Nurse Practitioners
 - Physician Assistants
 - Rural Health Clinics are not eligible for billing RPM



RPM Device Requirements

- The following are required to meet the billing requirements for monitoring services:
 - Satisfy the Food and Drug Administration's definition of a medical device defined by 201(h) of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act
 - Automatic digital upload of patient physiologic data
 - Can not be patient reported
 - Considered reasonable and necessary for diagnosis and treatment of the patient illness or injury
 - Medical necessity
 - Be used to collect and transmit reliable and valid physiologic data
 - This allows the understanding of the patient's health status to develop and manage the plan of treatment
 - Examples of devices for RPM
 - Weights, blood pressure, heart rate, oxygen saturation, and blood glucose



Clinical RPM View

The screenshot displays a dashboard with five patient profiles, each with a set of vital signs and a clinical condition. The patients are: Binnet, Brenden (CC: Heart Failure); Brown, Carter (CC: Crohn's); Green, Jill (CC: COPD); Kent, Marche (CC: CC); and Liu, Anthony (CC: Crohn's). Each profile includes a name, date of birth, ethnicity, and a set of vital signs (e.g., 1 of 1, 131, 155/45, 98, 97). A 'TRIOLOGY POPULATION HEALTH' logo is visible in the bottom right corner.

Telehealth & Video Visit Capabilities

The flowchart shows the process of scheduling a video visit. It starts with a patient profile for Lee, Jimmy (08/04/1943, 77 yo, Asian, Go Monitor-Web (Password Set)). An arrow points to a 'Call Options' menu with buttons for 'Log Phone Call', 'Schedule Video Visit', and 'Postpone For Later'. Another arrow points to a 'Schedule Video Visit' form with a text area for 'Patient-Facing Notes Here', a character count of '258 of 300 characters remaining', and a 'Schedule At (in CST)' dropdown menu. A blue callout box at the bottom right states: 'Schedule Video Visits and/or Telehealth Provider Visits'.

Enrolling Patients: Assigning Pathways

The Pathway is a set of questions and biometric prompts that the patient will respond to during a scheduled time on their device.



Diabetes 04 Thursday

- Do you understand the side effects of the medications you are currently taking?
 - Yes
 - No
- Do you have numbness or tingling that is new?
 - Yes
 - No
- Diabetes - Neuropathy
 - Dry mouth or increased urination
 - Tiredness or a hard time focusing
 - Nausea or vomiting
 - Other
- Diabetes - Hyperglycemia
 - No
 - Yes
- Diabetes - Hyperglycemia
 - General - Contact Your Care Team
- Prompt for Blood Pressure reading
- Prompt for Pulse/Ox reading
- Prompt for Heart Rate reading
- Prompt for Oxygen reading
- Prompt for Glucometer reading
- Prompt for Weight Scale reading



Morrison, Andrew GO
07/02/1956 (64 y.o.)
Go Monitor (PIN:8171)

Do not call prior to 12:00 PM
Patient preferred name "Dawn"

CC: CHF - CORE
Jones, Samantha DO (201) 330-4300
08/18/2020 (Day 168 of 30)

00:01:31

Program Trend

	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb
Health Index	47	56	47	74	47	65	92

Biometrics

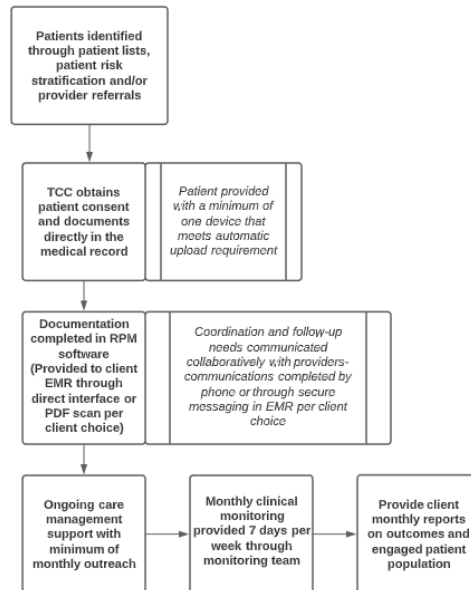
	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb
BP (mmHg)	178/90	179/89	179/88	164/88	164/91	174/89	179/90
Weight (lbs)	154	152	154	152	150	153	151
Pulse (bpm)	81	87	69	76	64	87	84
O2 Sat (%)	98	96	97	98	97	97	100

Alerts

- 13:36 Patient has requested a return video call for a concern. Note: I would like to discuss my medication
- 08:07 Do you have an appetite? No.
- 13:34 BP 155/90 mm Hg (Exceeding or equal to SBP Alert Limit of 155 mm Hg. Medium alert = at least 23 mm Hg higher than prior readings.)
- 13:39 SpO2 91% (Lower than or equal to Alert Limit of 94%)

RPM Patient Trending Dashboard

RPM Workflow



RPM Billable Codes

CMS guidelines have stated that RPM can be furnished by clinical and auxiliary staff under the general supervision of the billing provider. The following are the approved RPM codes:

- ☐ 99453
 - ☐ Initial set-up and patient education
 - ☐ Medicare allowable \$15.99
- ☐ 99454
 - ☐ Monthly RPM and transmission of data
 - ☐ Medicare requires a minimum of 16 days of collection and Medicaid is a daily reimbursement methodology
 - ☐ Medicare allowable \$47.06
- ☐ 99457
 - ☐ RPM treatment management, first 20 minutes
 - ☐ Includes time furnishing care management services and any interactive communication
 - ☐ Medicare allowable \$45.20
- ☐ 99458
 - ☐ RPM treatment management, additional time in 20-minute increments
 - ☐ Includes time furnishing care management services and any interactive communication
 - ☐ Medicare allowable \$37.29



Additional Revenue Opportunities

Patients receiving RPM services also present additional Medicare revenue opportunities

- ❑ RPM communication with patient for Physician or Qualified Health Professional (MD, NP, PA)
 - ❑ CPT 99091
 - ❑ RPM communication with patient (30 min)
 - ❑ Time includes accessing, reviewing or interpreting the electronically transmitted patient-generated health data as well as communication with the patient.
 - ❑ Medicare allowable \$52.41
 - ❑ CPT 99452
 - ❑ RPM communication monitor with PCP every 14 days
 - ❑ Time spent preparing for consultation referral and/or communicating with the consultant (16-30 minutes)
 - ❑ Medicare allowable \$34.14
 - ❑ CPT 99451
 - ❑ Review RPM records with written report (5 minutes each 7 days)
 - ❑ Medicare allowable \$33.82
 - ❑ CPT 99441-99443
 - ❑ Audio only or Audio/Video consult initiated by patient (5-10 min, 11-20 min, 21-30 min)
 - ❑ Medicare allowable \$51.12, \$83.37, \$118.50



Example of Shared Patient in RPM Model - Billing Considerations



Cardiac provider orders Remote Patient Monitoring and able to bill:

- 99453 - RPM Setup
- 99457 - Clinical time (CM service)
- 99458 - Clinical time (CM service additional time)
- 99091 - Provider RPM visit
- 99451 - Provider RPM record review

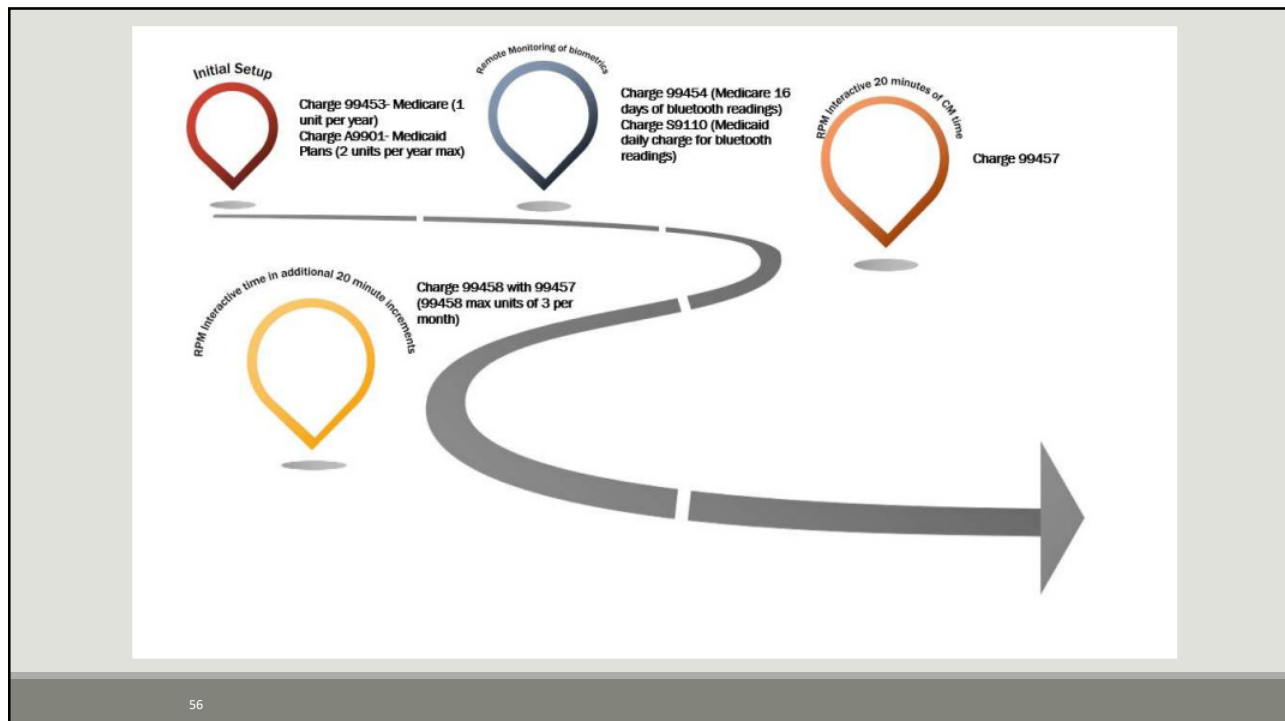
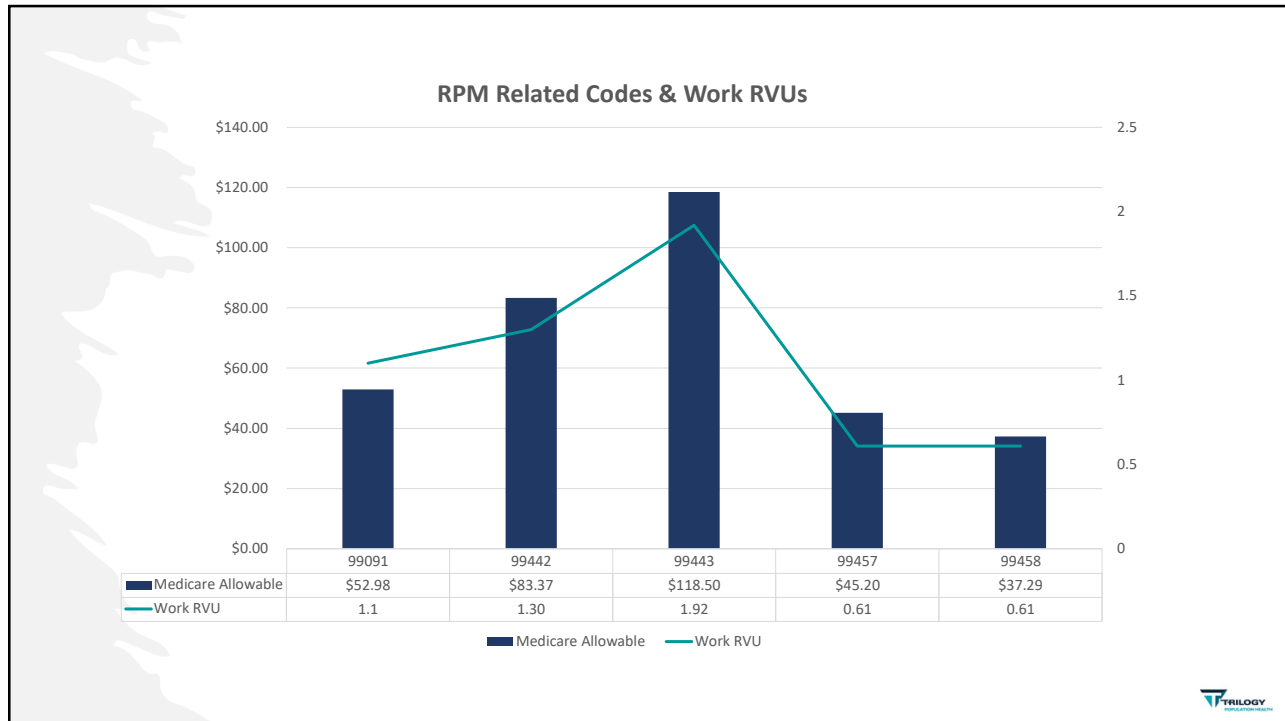
Shared Patient Coordination

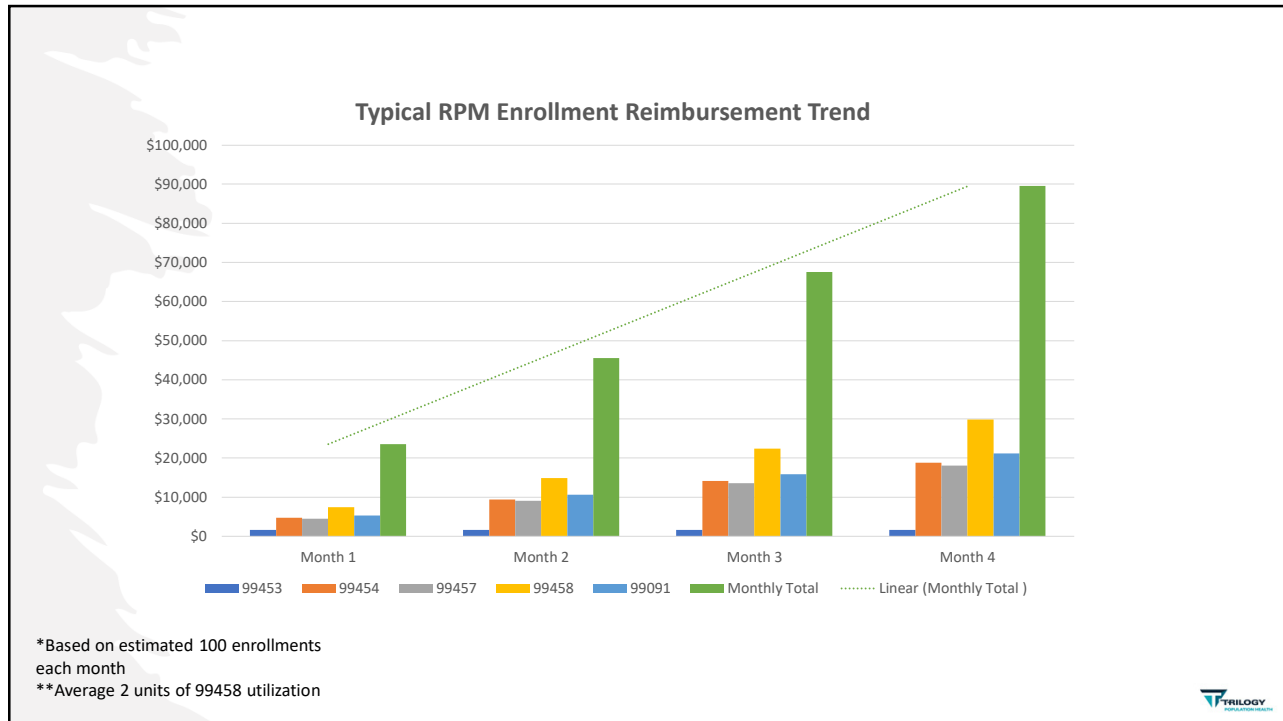


Pulmonary provider who also sees the same patient can bill the following with the RPM being completed by cardiac provider:

- 99452 - Consulting provider review of RPM record







Remote Monitoring Beyond 2022

- CMS has expanded Remote Monitoring Coverage
- Additional monitoring codes have been finalized in the FY2022 Physician Fee Schedule
 - Currently provider only and can not be delegated to clinical staff
- New codes reimburse at the same rates as RPM
- Self-reported by patient unlike RPM requirements of automatic transmission
 - Remote therapeutic monitoring (RTM)
 - Therapy adherence
 - Medication adherence focused
 - Therapy response
 - Medication response
 - Respiratory system status and musculoskeletal system status are examples of proposed symptom management
 - Device monitoring
 - Provider only treatment management services (along with RTM service)

Examples of Patient Testimonial Quotes

- “I don’t know why I put this program off for so long because you have made my life so much easier. I have been telling everyone that will listen about this program.”
- “I’m glad you are here, and I have you. You’ve made me want to start taking better care of myself.”
- “I am very thankful for this program and have learned so much about getting health and I want you to know how much I appreciate you.”
- “I feel so much better after this program. I was having headaches and you got my blood pressure under control by helping me get the care I need. I have also lost weight with your help, so I want you to know how much I appreciate you.”



Patient Story Examples

Patient having an active heart attack

- Worked with patient on getting to the hospital for intervention
- Non-Q wave MI and ultimately needed a pacemaker
- Now home and doing great

Patient having an active stroke

- Identified during conversation symptoms of a possible stroke
- Coordinated getting patient to the hospital
- Stroke intervened timely and now home doing great

Patient having an active crisis

- Identified through screening over the phone
- CM team intervened the crisis with RN and SW support
- Crisis team mobilized to the home and patient admitted to facility
- Suicide prevented for timely intervention



Summary

- Population Health Programs provide real revenue today
 - These programs provide a way to prepare for value-based reimbursement
 - A way to bring cash in the door while improving care coordination to prepare for these reimbursement changes
 - Increase in patient satisfaction by pro-active outreach
 - Patients feel more connected to the healthcare team
 - Potential for pull-through revenue with increased outreach and appointments
 - Increase in wellness visits, follow-up and outpatient services

QUESTIONS?

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